# Results of the 2010 Glycoprotein Research Group's (gPRG) study on Quantitative Glycoprotein Analysis

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# **Objectives**

**Identify** the major N-linked glycans detected in three similar glycoprotein samples

Quantify the relative differences in the distribution of the N-linked glycans

# Study Design

**Problem:** We wanted a sample set with known glycan changes. It is impossible to produce a single glycoprotein with known changes in N-linked glycosylation.

**Answer:** Use a mixture of glycoproteins that have unique glycans, change the glycoprotein ratios, and thus change the glycan ratios in a known manner.

# Study Design – II

## **Glycoproteins selected:**

Ovalbuman (Ov) – high mannose and hybrid glycans

Asialo-fetuin (AF) – bi- and tri-antennary complex glycans without sialic acids (no NANA or NGNA)

α1 acid glycoprotein (α1) – complex glycans all terminated with sialic acids

Human – all NANA

Bovine – NGNA and NANA

# Study Design – III

Glycoprotein Mixtures: (ratios W:W:W:W)

OV: AF:  $\alpha 1H: \alpha 1B$ GPRG-1 20: 1: 4: 0

GPRG-2 20 : 0.3 : 4 : 0

GPRG-3 20 : 2 : 0 : 4

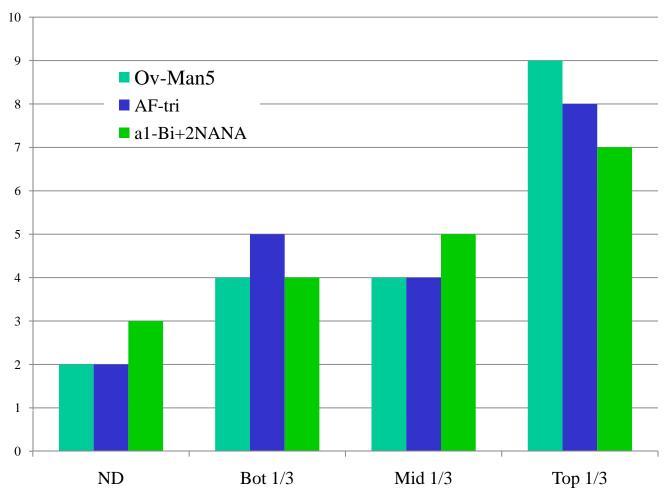
500 µg of each sample sent out

Double blind study

# Study Design – III

Glycans from each sample were readily detectable by

most labs



## **General Results**

35 – Samples requested --- 19 – Data submissions

7 ABRF Members – 12 Non-members

10 Academic – 7 Industry – 2 Vendors

14 North America – 4 Asia – 1 Europe

10 Core labs

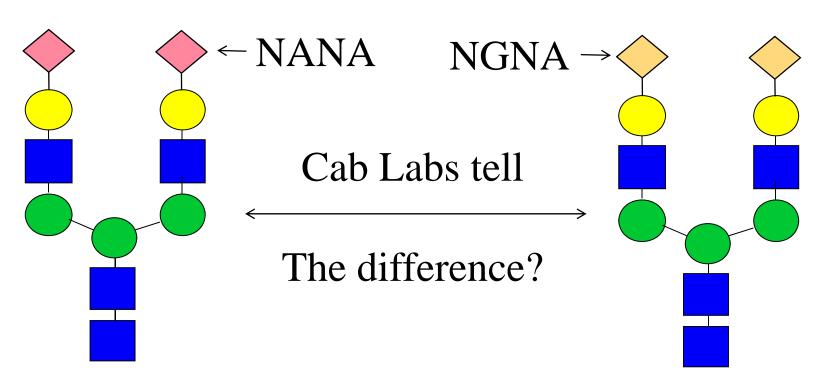
Most (18 of 19) labs released glycans with PNGase F

All labs analyzed with MS 10 MALDI – 7 LC/MS – 2 ESI

## **Identification NGNA – I**

## Sialic Acids typically cap complex glycan?

humans exclusively have NANA other mammals have NANA and NGNA



NGNA only present on  $\alpha 1$  Bovine (only in GPRG-3)

## **Identification NGNA – II**

8 Not detected – 11 detected

#### **Not Detected Trends:**

6 LC-MS (from total of 7 LC-MS)

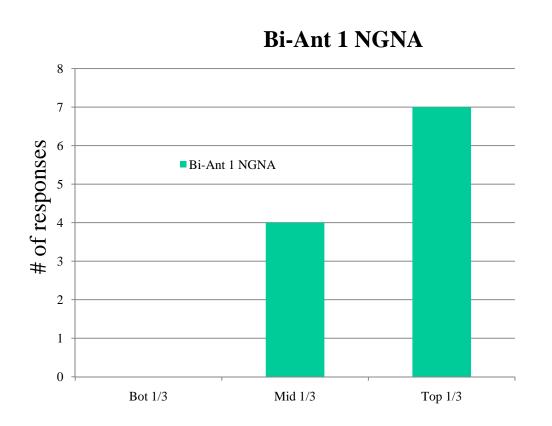
2 MALDI (from 10 total MALDI)

**4 of 4** labs that used a reductive amination tag did not detect NGNA (3 LC + 1 MALDI used this approach)

5 of 7 industrial labs did not detect NGNA

## **Identification NGNA – III**

#### 8 Not detected – 11 detected



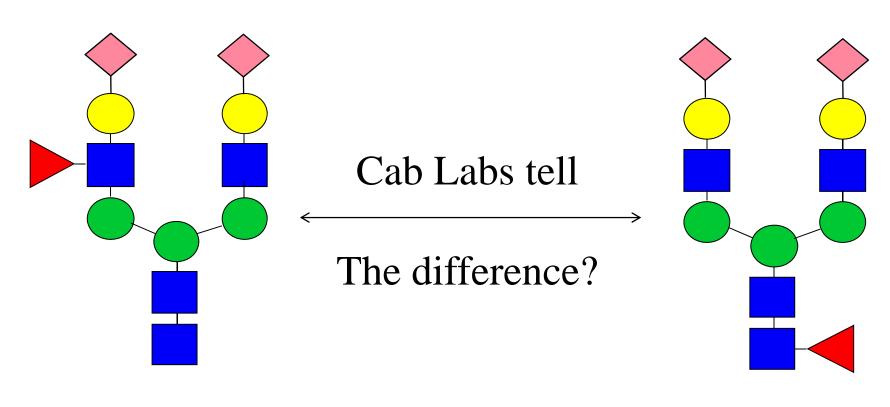
#### **Detected Trends:**

Labs that detected NGNA claimed it was a very abundant glycan.

Most labs that detected NGNA permethylated the sample.

# **Fucosylation** – **I**

α1 Human has low levels of Antenna Complex Glycans



Present GPRG 1+2

Not Present

# Fucosylation – II

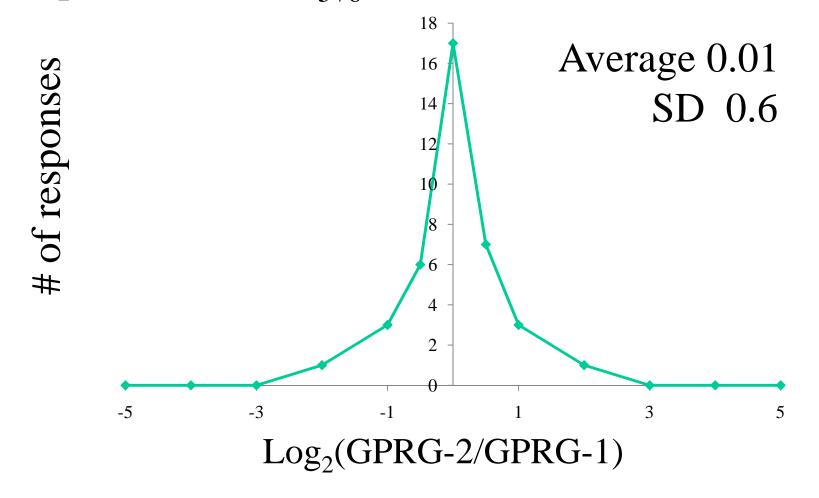
- 18 of 19 labs identified fucosylated glycans despite low level
- 14 labs **incorrectly** identified this as core fucosylation

#### **Incorrect ID Trends:**

- All labs (9 of 9) using MS (not MS<sup>2</sup>) mis-ID site of fucose
- All of the labs using software (5 of 5) for interpreting MS/MS data assigned fucose to the incorrect site

## **Quantification – Glycans that do not change**

Each sample contained the same amount of Ov. Responses for Man<sub>5+6</sub> for GPRG-2+3 vs GPRG-1



## Quantification – I

The amount of bi- and tri-antennary complex glycans without sialic acids changed between samples

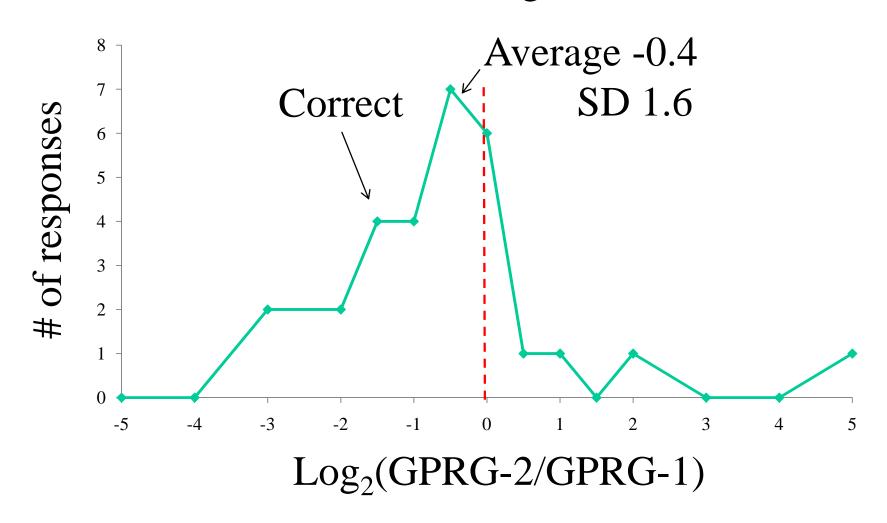
Relative expression changes (relative to GPRG-1)

GPRG-2 down  $3x - \log_2(-1.5)$ Next closest options down 4x or 2x

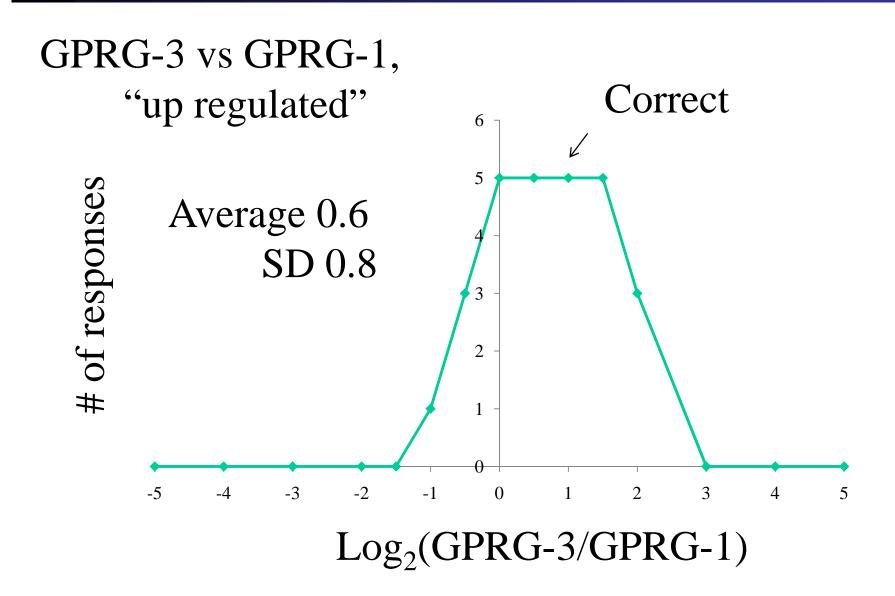
GPRG-3 up  $2x - \log_2(1)$ Next closest options up 0.5x or 3x

## Quantification – II

GPRG-2 vs GPRG-1, "down regulated"



## Quantification – III



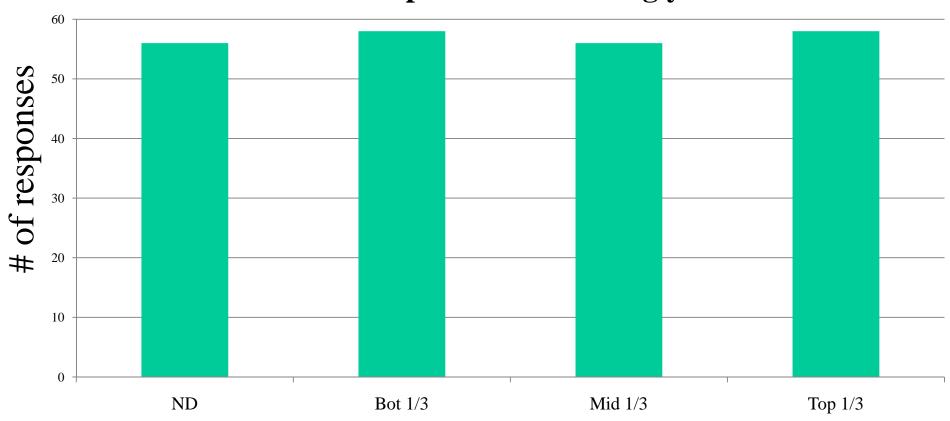
## Quantification – IV

- No labs were able to correctly identify 3 or 4 of the changes in glycan composition
- 1 lab identified 2 of the 4 glycan changes correctly
- 7 labs identified 1 of the 4 glycan changes correctly
- 11 labs did not identify any of the glycan changes correctly

# Quantification – V

## Inter-laboratory Reproducibility?





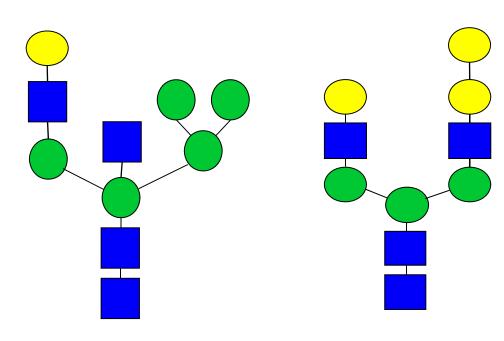
## **Conclusions**

There is lots of room for improvement.

We have not even gotten to the hard problems, like quantitating individual glycans present in isomeric mixtures.

Hopefully the gPRG can help facilitate this process.

The gPRG needs new committee members! If you would like to join, contact me.



## Acknowledgments

Angela Crawford – Sigma for providing the glycoproteins

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Members of the gPRG

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